# Model 143-80 Service Regulators

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R-1301 Rev. 5

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Taking the measure of tomorrow

#### Model 143-80 Service Regulators

The 143-80 is designed and built for domestic gas service, as well as for commercial and industrial applications; burners, furnaces, ovens, heaters, gas engines, etc. It can also be used for air, LPG, nitrogen, dry  $CO_2$  and other gases.

It is simple to install and adjust. The union nut connection makes it easy to locate the regulator in the best installed position, and servicing is easy and convenient.

Simple, rugged construction means dependability. Yet, it provides precise pressure control over an amazing range of pressure and load conditions. Equimeter's Model 143-80 Service Regulator...outstanding performance, utility, and dependability at an economical price...

Basic Models	<b>Basic Models</b>	Description	High Pressure Models		
	143-80-1	Standard Regulator	143-80-1HP		
	143-80-2	Regulator with Internal Relief Valve (IRV)	143-80-2HP		

Spring Ranges	Outlet Pressure Ranges	Spring Color	Spring Part Number
	3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " to 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " w.c.	Red	143-62-021-15
	5" to 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " w.c.	Blue	143-62-021-16
	6" to 14" w.c.	Green	143-62-021-17
	12" w.c. to 1 psi	Orange	143-62-021-18
	¹/₂ psi to 2 psi	Black & White	143-62-021-22
	1/2 psi to 3 psi	Cadmium*	173-62-021-02
	2 psi to 6 psi	Black*	139-16-021-01

\*Only use these springs in high pressure models (143-80-1HP and 143-80-2HP)

Maximum Inlet Pressures- Standard IRV Models and	Orifice Sizes	<sup>5</sup> /8"	<sup>1</sup> /2 <sup>11</sup>	<sup>3</sup> /8"	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>1</sup> /4 <sup>11</sup>	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>1</sup> /8"
High-Pressure Models	Max Inlet Pressure	10 psi	20 psi	40 psi	40 psi	60 psi	125 psi	125 psi

Pipe Sizes	Inlet x Outlet NPT
	<sup>3</sup> /4" X <sup>3</sup> /4"
	<sup>3</sup> /4" x 1" <sup>3</sup> /4" x 1 <sup>1</sup> /4"
	1" x 1" 1" x 11/."
	1 X 1/4 1 <sup>1</sup> /4" X 1 <sup>1</sup> /4"

#### **Temperature Limits**

143-80 Service Regulators can be used for temperatures from -20°F. to 150°F.

#### **Buried Service**

143-80 Regulators are not recommended for buried service.

#### **Construction and Design Features**





#### **143-80-1 Standard Regulator Construction Features**

- 1. Spring Adjustment
- 2. Fiberglass Reinforced Nylon Valve Stem Minimum friction, minimum dimensional changes over operating temperature range.
- 3. Cast Iron Body (ASTM A 126 Class B) (Test Connections <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>" NPT Available on inlet and outlet)
- 4. Buna-N Soft Seat Positive tight lock-up
- 5. Aluminum Orifices interchangeable between 1/8" thru 1/2"
- 6. Union Nut Connection Full 360° rotation...easy servicing7. Buna-N Diaphragm Nylon fabric reinforced
- Full 26 in.<sup>2</sup> effective area
- 8. Die Cast Aluminum Alloy Diaphragm Case High strength, lightweight corrosion resistant.

9. Vent 3/4" or 1" NPT Screened **10.Vent Valve** 

11.Seal Cap

### **Service Regulator Capacity Tables**

## **Models 143-80-1HP, 143-80-2HP, 143-80-1, 143-80-2** Capacity\* in SCFH natural gas (0.6 specific gravity–14.65 psia–60° F.)

Pipe Size	Inlet Pressure	Orifice Size (inches)							
(inches)	(psig)	<sup>1</sup> /8"	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>3</sup> /8"	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	<sup>5</sup> /8"	
<sup>3</sup> /4" x <sup>3</sup> /4"	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 1 2 3 5 7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 10 20 40 60 80 125	250 310 530 860 1200 1500 1800	420 560 700 830 1200 1570 1660 1710 1900	530 600 700 840 950 1220 1330 1520	480 560 620 720 860 970 1240 1340	340 500 630 730 880 1000 1250 1450	450 510 580 650 770 900 1020 1270	510 530 600 670 790 900 1020	
<sup>3</sup> /4" x 1" 1" x 1"	<sup>1/2</sup> 1 2 3 5 7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 10 20 40 60 80 125	250 310 370 530 860 1200 1540 2100	420 580 700 1230 1700 1900 2000 2100	530 650 890 1140 1360 2000 2000 2000	480 700 870 1340 1500 1600 1640	350 550 840 1000 1160 1270 1330 1480 1900	460 600 920 950 1140 1200 1400	520 650 780 810 970 1060 1180	
<sup>3</sup> /4" x 1 <sup>1</sup> /4" 1" x 1 <sup>1</sup> /4" 1 <sup>1</sup> /4" x 1 <sup>1</sup> /4"	"/2 1 2 3 5 7'/2 10 20 40 60 80 125	250 310 370 630 860 1200 1550 2250	420 580 700 1230 1800 2100 2200 2400	530 650 890 1140 1360 1600 2200 2400	480 700 870 1500 1500 1700 1800 1900	350 550 840 1030 1350 1610 1710 1900 2000	460 680 1020 1200 1580 1580 1800 1900	520 760 1030 1050 1060 1060 1180 *Capacities are	
based on the following maximum variations in outlet pressure: RED and BLUE SPRINGS: 1" w.c. dr GREEN SPRING: 2" w.c. dr	ORANGE SPRING BLACK/WHITE AN oop SPRINGS: oop BLACK SPRING:	: 3" w.c D CADMIUM 1/4 psig 10%	droop g droop 6 droop	Capacities for <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , 1 and 2 psig pressures apply only to RED and BLUE springs. Note carefully these capacities do not apply to the green oraging and back springs			column is the h orifice at rec- n the optimum		

## Models 143-80-4, 143-80-6 Low Pressure Cut-Off Capacity\* in SCFH natural gas (0.6 specific gravity–14.65 psia–60°F.)

		Outlet Pressures Red Spring* 4'/2" to 7'/2" w.c. Blue Spring* 6'/2" to 9'/2" w.c.				Outlet Pressures Green Spring* 7¹/₂" to 15" w.c.			
Pipe Size	Inlet Pressure		Orifice Siz	e (inches	)	Orifice Size (inches)			
(Inches)	(psig)	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>3</sup> /8"	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>1</sup> /4"	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>3</sup> /8"	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "
3/4" <b>X</b> 3/4"	1/2 1 5 10 15 25 40 60	240 400 580 800 1050 1140	180 300 420 750 990 1050 1100	90 200 300 600 740 950 1100 1300	100 140 230 380 460 640 870 1160	140 250 370 580 780 920	120 200 320 530 720 860 900	90 160 240 460 700 800 1000 1300	90 140 220 370 480 660 910 1160
<sup>3</sup> /4" x 1" 1" x 1"	<sup>1/2</sup> <sup>3</sup> /4" x 1" 1" x 1" 10 15 25 40 60		210 310 420 750 1120 1300 1300	90 210 300 610 760 960 1300 1300	100 140 230 380 460 640 870 1160	160 260 410 800 1220 1300	120 230 350 730 1090 1300 1300	90 160 270 470 740 930 1160 1300	90 140 220 370 480 660 910 1160
11/4" x 11/4"	1/2 1 2 5 10 15 25 40 60	270 430 650 1100 1300 1300	210 310 420 750 1120 1300 1300	90 210 300 510 760 960 1300 1300	100 140 230 380 460 640 870 1160	160 260 430 870 1300 1300	120 230 350 730 1090 1300 1300	90 160 270 470 740 930 1160 1300	90 140 220 370 480 660 910 1160

NOTE: Last figure in each column is the maximum capacity for each orifice at recommended inlet pressure within the optimum performance range. \*RED Spring is Part No. 143-62-021-15, BLUE Spring is Part No. 143-62-021-16, GREEN Spring is Part No. 143-62-021-17.

Note: The above performance data is based on normal testing at 70°F flowing temperature. Changes in performance can occur at extreme low flowing temperatures.

#### **Internal Relief Valve**



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The Internal Relief Valve begins to open when outlet pressure exceeds regulator set-point by approximately 7" w.c. At lower pressures, it is closed.

Internal Relief Valves, like all relief valves, must be carefully checked for adequate capacity. IRV's only have full capacity relief capability when the inlet pressure to the regulator is low enough and the regulator orifice is small enough. If either one, or both, are too large, the IRV will not have full capacity relief capability and will not be able to prevent the outlet pressure from exceeding the maximum allowable limit.

The curves below are for checking this condition. They are based on the regulator blocked open to simulate a failure in which the valve goes wide open. Find the maximum inlet pressure on the horizontal scale. Trace it vertically upwards to the curve for the size orifice used. Trace that point horizontally leftward to the vertical scale and read the outlet pressure. If it is below the maximum allowable outlet pressure for the application, the IRV has full capacity relief capability for a wide open regulator failure.

Note that the curves are based upon a 7" w.c. setpoint and a 5" -  $8^{1/2}$ " (blue) spring. Curves are presented showing the  $3^{4}$ " and 1" vent configurations, with and without vent piping. The curves based on vent piping assume 10 ft. of vent piping plus two elbows. If additional vent piping is used it must be carefully sized to avoid restricting the capacity of the IRV.

For conditions other than those covered by the curves contact your Equimeter representative.



**Caution:** It is the user's responsibility to assure that a service regulator vents and/or vent lines exhaust to a non-hazardous location away from any potential sources of ignition. Refer to Equimeter Bulletin RM-1301 for more detailed information.

#### Operation of the Internal Relief Valve



#### Overpressurization Protection

Protect the downstream piping system and the regulator's low pressure chambers against overpressurization due to the possible regulator malfunction or failure to achieve complete lockup. The allowable outlet pressure is the lowest of the maximum pressures permitted by federal codes, state codes, Equimeter Bulletin RDS-1498, or other applicable standards. The method of protection can be a relief valve, monitor regulator, shutoff device, or similar mechanism.

**Periodic Inspection:** Regulators are pressure control devices with numerous moving parts subject to wear that is dependent upon particular operating conditions. To assure continuous satisfactory operation, a periodic inspection schedule must be adhered to with the frequency of inspection determined by the severity of service and applicable laws and regulations. See bulletin RM-1301 for field service instructions.

#### **Mounting Positions**





2.

3.

4.

#### CAUTION

The diaphragm case vent must be positioned to protect against flooding, drain water, ice formation, traffic, tampering, etc. The vent must be protected against nest building, animals, bees, insects, etc. to prevent vent blockage and minimize the chances of foreign material from collecting in the vent side of the regulator diaphragm.

#### Standard **Construction:**

The following items will be considered standard construction for the 143-80 regulator (options are available at additional charge):

- 1. Body no pressure taps
- 2. Orifice aluminum
- 3. Valve & stem assembly -plastic w/Buna-N valve
- 4. Seal wire none

#### **Full Open Capacity:**

- 5. Vent 1" side vent
- Cover cap plastic 6.
- Spring ferrule plastic 7.
- 8. External nuts and bolts plated steel
- 9. Identification stamped on diaphragm cover (no badge)
- 10. Paint AGA gray
- 11. Packaging six per carton
- 12. Position 105

#### Standard Testing:

The following will be considered standard testing for the 143-80 regulator (optional testing at additional charge):

- 1. Set point adjustment at customer specified: A. Inlet pressure
  - B. Outlet pressure (set point)
  - C. Minimum and maximum rate of flow within 50 to 350 SCFH
- 2. Lock-up test (will not exceed 1 1/2" w.c. above set point)
- 3. Leak test
- 4. Internal relief valve test A. Initial relief at 7" w.c. ±2" above set point
  - B. Reseat at 20% below initial relief pressure (10" w.c., minimum)

Use the following formulae for the full open capacity of 143-80 regulators.

- 1. Q = K  $\sqrt{P_O(P_1 P_O)}$  ..... (for  $\frac{P_1}{P_O}$  less than 1.894) 2. Q =  $\frac{\text{K} P_1}{2}$  ..... (for  $\frac{P_1}{P_0}$  greater than 1.894) Q = maximum capacity of the regulator (in SCFH of 0.6 specific gravity natural gas). K = the "K" factor, the regulator constant (from the table below).  $P_{I}$  = absolute inlet pressure (psia). P<sub>O</sub> = absolute outlet pressure (psia). <sup>5</sup>/16" 5/8" <sup>1</sup>/2" <sup>3</sup>/8" 1/4" <sup>3</sup>/16<sup>11</sup> 1/8" ORIFICE 292 132 74 820 520 206 33 Κ When sizing relief valves for use with 143-80 regulators, use full open capacity, except for LPCO models. **Other Gases** 143-80 Regulators are mainly **OTHER GASES CORRECTION FACTOR** used on natural gas. However, they perform equally well on Air (Specific Gravity 1.0) 0.77 LP gas, nitrogen, dry CO<sub>2</sub>, air Propane (Specific Gravity 1.53) 0.63 and others. 1350 BTU Propane-Air Mix (1.20) 0.71 Nitrogen (Specific Gravity 0.97) 0.79 Dry Carbon Dioxide 0.63 (Specific Gravity 1.52) For other noncorrosive gases: 0.6 Specific Gravity of the Gas CORRECTION FACTOR = For use with gases not listed above, please contact your Equimeter representative or Industrial Distributor for recommendations. Specify: 4. Inlet pressure (also 7. Type of gas (natural gas,
- How to Order
- 1. Pipe size and model number
- 2. Mounting position
- 3. Orifice Size
- maximum and minimum if available)
- 5. Outlet Pressure set-point
- 6. Capacity required (scfh)
- propane, etc.)
- 8. Spring part number
- 9. Vent Size

### Dimensions



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**Caution:** Turn gas on slowly. If an outlet stop valve is used, it should be opened first. Do not overload the diaphragm with a sudden surge of inlet pressure. Monitor the outlet pressure during start-up to prevent an outlet pressure overload. **See bulletin RM-1301 for more detailed start-up procedures.** 

#### 143-80 Service Regulator With Low Pressure Cut-Off

This is the low pressure, cut-off version of the 143-80 residential service regulator.

It is a safety device which stops the inlet gas supply if the outlet pressure drops below a certain point.

Hazardous conditions sometimes develop as a result of a loss in service pressure. A good example of this would be flame or pilot outage resulting from a line break, an interruption in the gas supply, or an excessive demand. The low pressure "cut-off" acts as a safety device for the gas service.

The cut-off unit consists of an extra valve which seats against the inlet side of the orifice. As the main valve moves away from its seat to increase flow, in response to a decreasing outlet pressure signal, the cut-off valve moves toward its seat. If the main valve movement becomes excessive, the cut-off valve will take over and go closed. At this point the gas supply is shut off and cannot be resumed until the cut-off unit is manually reset.

Basically, "cut-off" is triggered by an excessive drop in outlet pressure. However, the specific outlet pressure at which "cut-off" occurs also depends on the size of the orifice and the inlet pressure.

As mentioned previously, once the cut-off valve closes, it must be manually opened to put the regulator back into operation. It must also be manually opened when put into service initially or when returned to service after being shut down. This is easily done by removing the cover cap and pulling upwards on the diaphragm post extension.

Installation is simple and quick. It is the same as for other standard types of self-contained domestic service regulators.

Adjustment for the outlet pressure set point is accomplished by removing the cover cap and screwing the adjustment ferrule down or up to raise or lower pressure.

The 143-80 regulator with low pressure cut-off can be furnished WITH OR WITHOUT INTERNAL RELIEF. It is used on LP and manufactured gas as well as natural gas. In addition it can also be used on air,  $CO_2$ , nitrogen and other industrial gases.

#### **Basic LPCO Models**

143-80-4	Regulator with Low Pressure Cut-off (LPCO)
143-80-6	Regulator with IRV and LPCO

Spring Color

Inlet Pressure Range...in. w.c. to 60 psi Outlet Pressure Range  $4^{1/2}$ " to 15" w.c. Orifices...aluminum,  $^{1/4}$ "- $^{5/16}$ "- $^{3/8}$ "- $^{7/16}$ "

**Outlet Pressure Ranges** 

#### **Spring Ranges LPCO Models**

ORIFICE SIZE	1/4"	<sup>5</sup> /16"	<sup>3</sup> /8"	<sup>7</sup> /16 <sup>11</sup>	4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " to 7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " w.c. 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " to 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " w.c.	Red Spring Blue Spring			
Maximum Inlet Pressure 60 psig 40 psig 25 psig 15 psig			15 psig	7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " to 15" w.c.	Green Spring				
VENT <sup>1</sup> /'' OF 1''' NPT				CCC DIAPP POST (FOR RESE	5 <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> "	6 <sup>13</sup> /32" CUT-OFF VALVE			

#### **Maximum Inlet Pressure**

#### **Other Equimeter Gas Pressure Regulators**



Equimeter produces a broad product line of Gas Pressure Regulators which are widely used throughout the natural gas industry. These regulators are also suitable for non-corrosive industrial gas applications such as propane, butane, air, nitrogen, dry  $CO_2$  etc. For additional detailed information on a particular model, please request the indicated bulletin from the local Equimeter sales office.

#### **Multi-Purpose Service Regulators**

Model 043 Bulletin: R-1300 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>", <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>", <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>", 1" pipe size

Model 143-6 Bulletin: R-1303 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>", 1", 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" pipe size

Available with 90° angle or straight-through body.

Also available: internal relief valve and low pressure cut-off.

#### **Industrial Service Regulators**

#### **Field Regulators**

For intermediate to high pressure applications. Ideal on pipeline taps servicing plants and buildings. Appropriate for double stage reduction ahead of service regulators, and for high pressure burners and compressed air systems.

#### Pilot Loaded Regulators

For intermediate and highpressure applications requiring precise pressure reduction with minimal droop. Ideal for standard and high capacity flows on burners, driers, dehydrators and compressor lines. Appropriate for fixed factor billing. 243-RPC Bulletin: R-1343  $1^{1}/_{4}$ ",  $1^{1}/_{2}$ " and 2" pipe size Inlet pressures . . to 150 psi Outlet pressures . . . .  $3^{1}/_{2}$ " w.c. to 35 psi Capacity to 76,000 SCFH 1100 Bulletin: R-1341 Pipe size: 2" (screwed or flanged) Inlet pressures . . to 400 psi Outlet pressures ......3" w.c. to 100 psi Capacity to 414,000 SCFH Equimeter also produces Industrial and Combustion Regulators; High Pressure, High Capacity Regulators; and Safety Relief Valves. Detailed information available on request.